

PerspectroScope: A Window to the World of Diverse Perspectives

Sihao Chen, Daniel Khashabi, Chris Callison-Burch, Dan Roth *University of Pennsylvania*

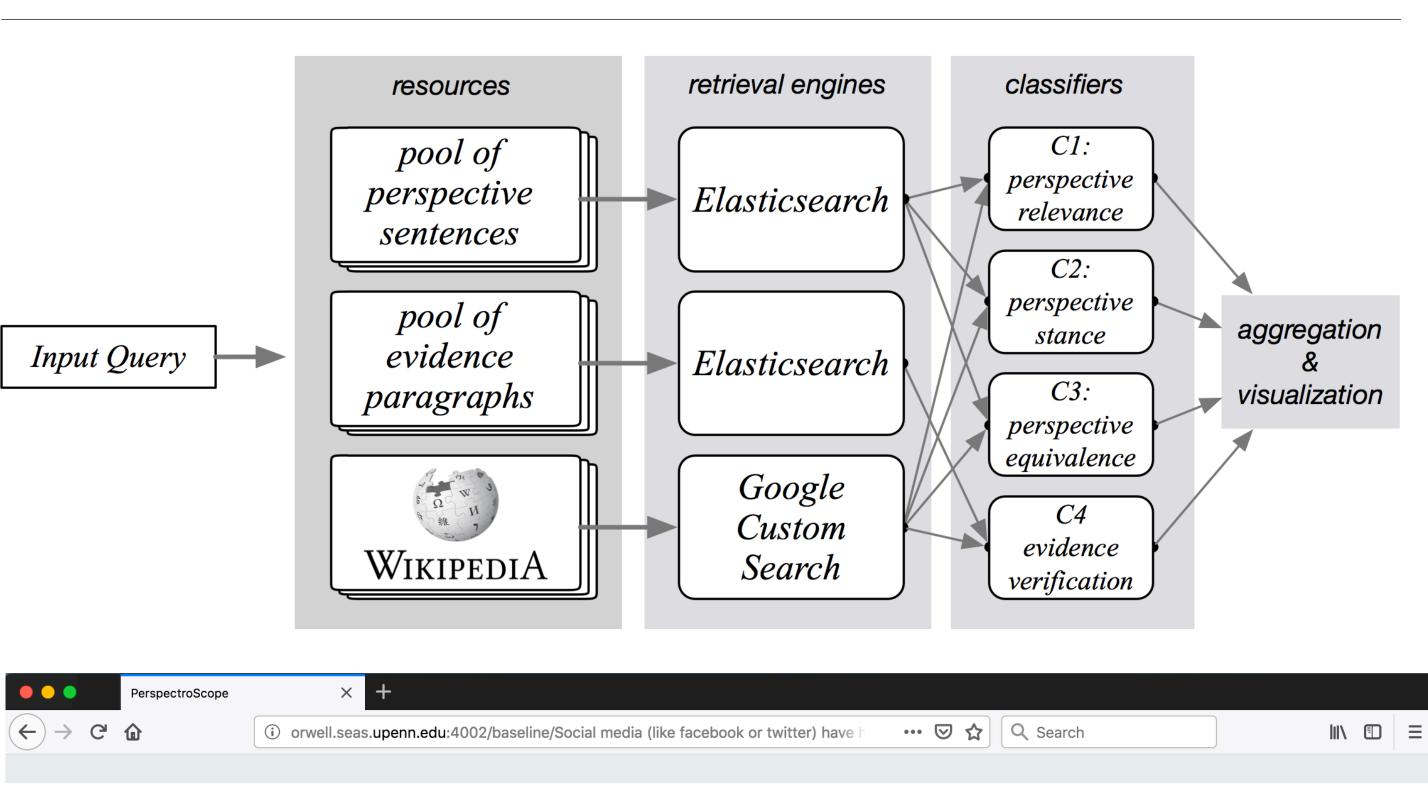
1. Motivation

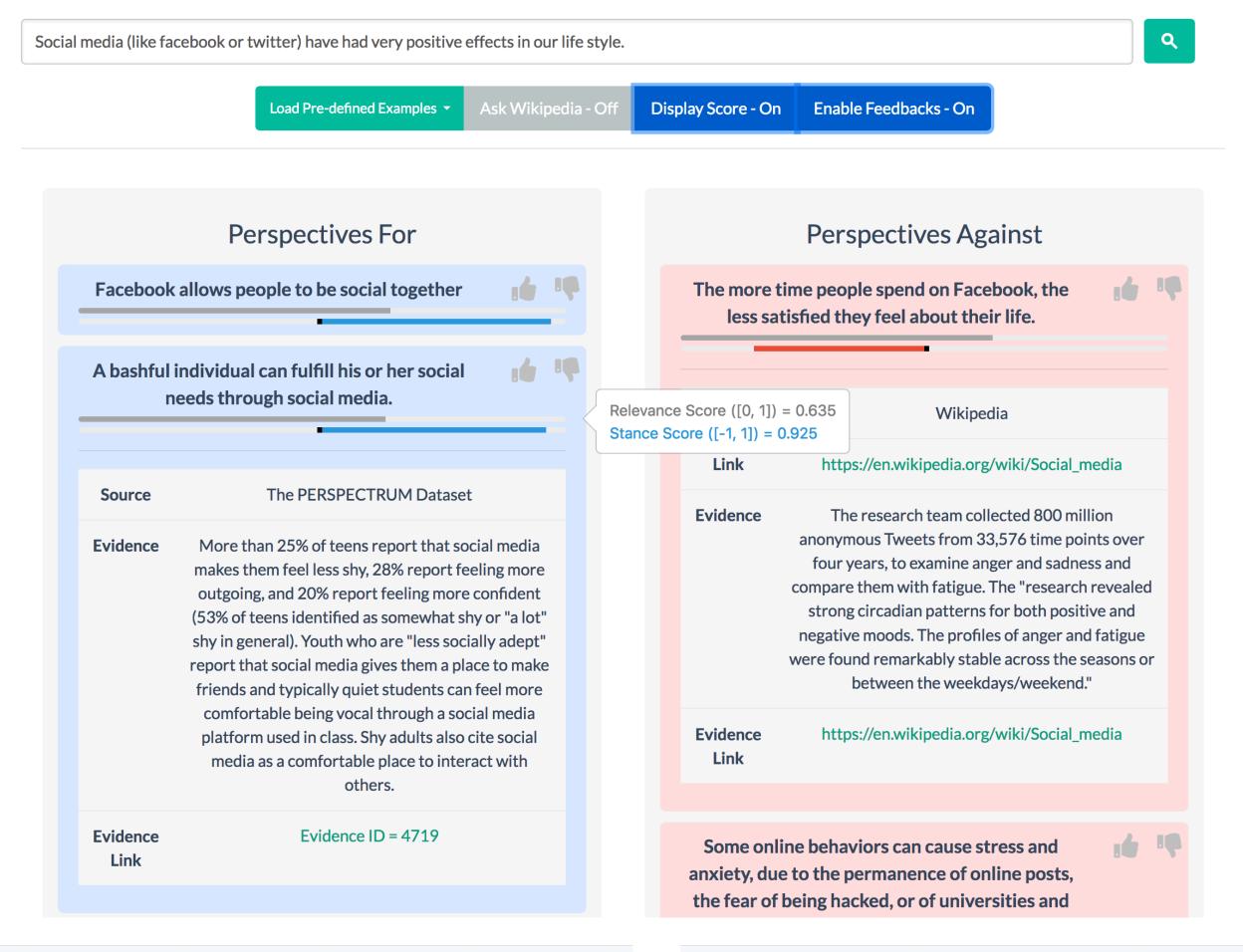
Most discussion-worthy *claims* don't have a single correct answer. Understanding such non-trivial claims usually requires insights from various *perspectives*.

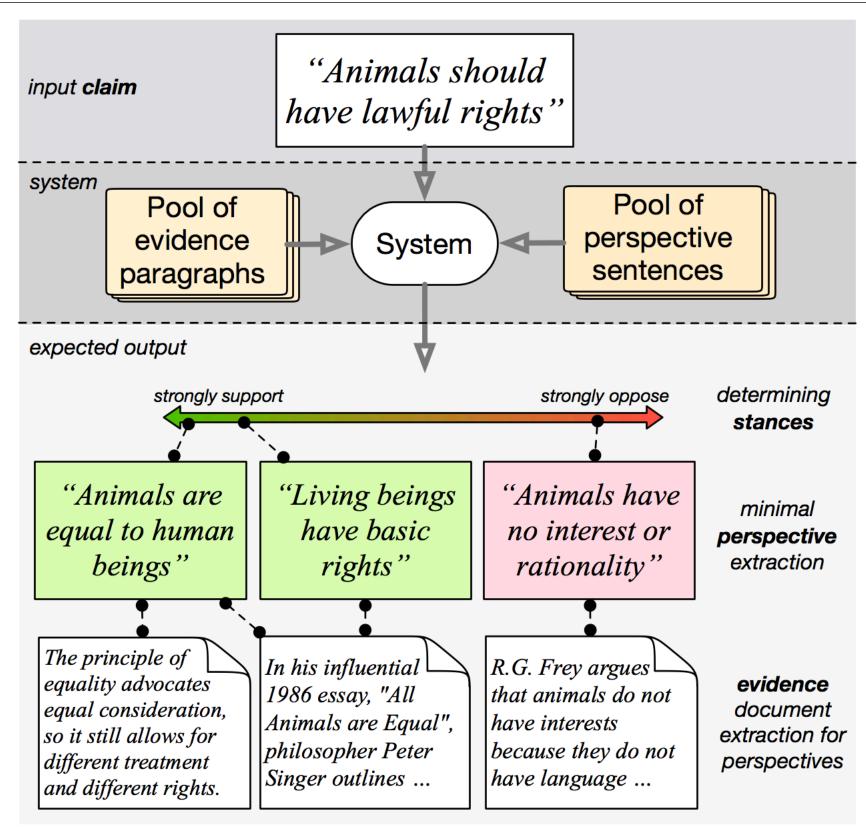
Ideally, we want to develop an automatic system to discover and identify such *perspectives*, along with supporting *evidence paragraphs*.

With the **Perspectrum** dataset proposed in Chen et. al. (2019), we present **PerspectroScope**, an open-source web-based system that extracts and visualizes a diverse set of web perspectives with respect to an input claim.

2. System Design







Algorithm 1: Minimal Perspective Extraction

```
Input: claim c.
Output: perspectives, their stances & evidence.
\hat{P} \leftarrow \text{IR}(c) // candidate perspectives
P = \{\}
foreach p \in \hat{P} do
     // perspective relevance
    if C1(c, p) > T1 and abs(C2(c, p)) > T2 then
         e \leftarrow C2(c, p)
         \hat{E} \leftarrow \text{IR}(c, p) // \text{ candidate evidence}
         E = \{ \}
         foreach e \in \hat{E} do
               // evidence verification
              if C4(c, p, e) > T4 then
                  E \leftarrow E \cup \{e\}.
              end
         end
         P \leftarrow P \cup \{(p, s, E)\}.
    end
end
P \leftarrow /\star minimal perspectives after
    clustering with DBSCAN on the
```

3. Interface Design

Perspective Visualization: Retrieved perspectives are placed into For/Against column and ranked by their relevance.

equivalence scores between any

perspective pairs via C3.

Evidence Retrieval: Upon user request, the system retrieves the most likely evidence for the perspective.

User feedback: Users have the option to tell us whether a perspective is good or not based on the quality of the predictions.

